REMARKS/ARGUMENTS

This Amendment is in response to the Final Office Action mailed December 19, 2006. Claims 1-83 were pending in the present application. This Amendment amends claims 1, 12, 22, 31, 42, 52, 61, 69, and 78, without adding or canceling any claims, leaving pending in the application claims 1-83. Reconsideration of the rejected claims is respectfully requested.

I. Rejection under 35 U.S.C. §102

Claims 1-5, 7-16, 18-21, 31-72, and 74-83 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §102(e) as being anticipated by *Lin* (US Pat. App. No. 2004/0205477). Applicants respectfully submit that *Lin* does not disclose each element of these claims.

For example, Applicants' claim 1 as amended recites method for performing an action, including:

accessing recorded information, the recorded information including information recorded during a presentation of source information:

comparing the recorded information to a source document, the source document being separate from the recorded information and being determined to include information; corresponding to at least a portion of the source information presented during the presentation;

determining whether a portion of the source document corresponds to a portion of the recorded information, such that a criterion is satisfied; and performing a determined action when the criterion is satisfied

(emphasis added). Such limitations are not disclosed by Lin.

Lin discloses the creation of a browsable multimedia data object including a plurality of data streams corresponding to a presentation of information, in order to create a single, coherent recording of the real-time presentation that includes the slides, the presenter's interaction with the slides, and the audio of the presentation, which are simultaneously recorded during a presentation, for subsequent viewing by a user (paragraphs [0001], [0006], [0007], [0033]). The single multimedia data object includes the "plurality of synchronized overlaid replayable bitstreams" representing the real-time slide presentation (paragraph [0027]). The bitstreams within the object are synchronized so that when a slide is displayed, for example, the corresponding interaction is displayed

and the corresponding audio is played (paragraphs [0029]-[0031]). This is very different from what is recited in Applicants' claim 1 as amended.

Applicants' claim 1 compares recorded information (recorded during a presentation) to a separate source document that contains information corresponding to the source information that was presented during the presentation. If a portion of the separate source document corresponds with a portion of the recorded information, then a criterion is met and an action taken. As discussed in the specification, this action can include, for example, the displaying of an image on a mobile device (allowing a user to have a better view of the image) or the displaying of information to a user that includes language translation, so that the user can view the image in a language that is more familiar to the user. Lin does not disclose such functionality. Lin records information during a presentation and stores that information in a single object as linked bitstreams. Lin does not disclose comparing the recorded information to a separate source document and taking an action if a portion of the recorded information matches a portion of the information in the source document. The Office Action asserts that the limitation of satisfying a criterion is met by synchronization of the overlaid bitstreams, but it is respectfully submitted that synchronizing concurrently recorded streams in a single object does not meet the limitation of comparing recorded information to source information in a separate source document and determining if any portions of these two separate files match between the recorded presentation information and the separate source information. Further, Lin does not disclose taking an action in response to the recorded information matching information in a separate source document. The disclosure of Lin cited in the Office Action on page 5 of replaying the single data object does not meet this limitation as it simply involves replaying the single data object without first comparing that data object to a separate source document for comparison. As such, it is respectfully submitted that Lin cannot anticipate Applicants' claim 1 as amended, or the claims that depend therefrom. The other pending claims recite limitations that similarly are not disclosed by Lin, such that these claims also cannot be anticipated. Applicants therefore

respectfully request that the rejection with respect to claims 1-5, 7-16, 18-21, 31-72, and 74-83 be withdrawn

II. Rejection under 35 U.S.C. §103

Claims 6, 17, 22-29, 36, and 73 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being obvious over *Lin* in view of *Boeglund* (US 2003/0101043). Applicants respectfully submit that these references do not teach or suggest each element of these claims.

For example, Applicants' claim 22 as amended recites a method for determining translated slides of source document slides in a source document, including:

accessing recorded information, the recorded information including information recorded during a presentation of source information from at least one source document separate from the recorded information.

comparing a source document slide in the at least one source document to an image contained in the recorded information, a criterion being satisfied if the source document slide corresponds to the image; and

communicating a translated slide to a device when the criterion is satisfied, the translated slide including a translation of at least a portion of the source document slide, whereby the device is operable to display the translated slide while accessing the portion of the accessed recorded information.

(emphasis added). Such limitations are neither taught nor suggested by Lin and/or Boeglund.

As discussed above, Lin does not teach or suggest comparing a separate source document to recorded information to determine whether there are corresponding portions. Further, as recognized in the Office Action on page 11, Lin does not disclose the use of translated presentation slides. Boeglund does not make up for these deficiencies in Lin with respect to claim 22. Boeglund teaches a process for translating slides into another language, such as by saving text in the slide to an auxiliary file, such as a word processing file, and using a standard program to do the translation (paragraphs [0015]-[0022], [0041]-[0043]). Boeglund does not, however, teach or suggest comparing a separate source document to recorded information to determine whether there are corresponding portions, and then displaying a translated slide on a device in response thereto. As such, Applicants' claim 22 and the claims that depend therefrom cannot be rendered obvious by Lin and Boeglund, either alone or in combination. The other

similarly rejected claims recite limitations that similarly are neither taught nor suggested by these references, for reasons including those discussed above, such that these claims also cannot be rendered obvious by these references. Applicants therefore respectfully request that the rejections with respect to claims 6, 17, 22-29, 36, and 73 be withdrawn.

Claim 30 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being obvious over *Lin* in view of *Boeglund* and further in view of *Smith* (US 2004/0205601). Applicants respectfully submit that these references do not teach or suggest each element of these claims. Claim 30 depends from claim 22, which is not rendered obvious by *Lin* and *Boeglund* as discussed above. *Smith* does not make up for the deficiencies in these references with respect to claims 22 or 30.

Smith teaches analyzing data files for hidden or embedded data and classifying/removing/resolving the hidden data in order to avoid security concerns with sharing the document, for example ([0063]-[0065]), and is cited as teaching identifying, classifying, extracting, and resolving hidden data in slides (OA p. 10). Smith does not, however, teach or suggest comparing a separate source document to recorded information to determine whether there are corresponding portions, and then displaying a translated slide on a device in response thereto. Further, Smith does not teach or suggest determining a slide number from recorded information to determine a corresponding source document slide in a separate source document. As such, Smith cannot render obvious Applicants' claims 22 or 30, either alone or in any combination with Lin and Boeglund. Applicants therefore respectfully request that the rejection with respect to claim 30 be withdrawn.

III. Amendment to the Claims

Unless otherwise specified, amendments to the claims are made for purposes of clarity, and are not intended to alter the scope of the claims or limit any equivalents thereof. The amendments are supported by the specification and do not add new matter.

CONCLUSION

In view of the foregoing, Applicants believe all claims now pending in this Application are in condition for allowance. The issuance of a formal Notice of Allowance at an early date is respectfully requested.

If the Examiner believes a telephone conference would expedite prosecution of this application, please telephone the undersigned at 925-472-5000.

Respectfully submitted,

Jason D. Lohr Reg. No. 48 163

TOWNSEND and TOWNSEND and CREW LLP Two Embarcadero Center, Eighth Floor San Francisco, California 94111-3834 Tel: 925-472-5000 Fax: 415-576-0300 Attachments IDL:jdl 61004589 v1